

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Supplier	RPM WOOD FINISHES GROUP PO BOX 22000 HICKORY, NC 28603
Phone	828-728-8266
Emergency telephone number	CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 International: 703-527-3887 (collect)
Product name	EPOXY PUTTY STICK NATURAL CHERRY
Code	M743-1585
Specific uses	Sealants and adhesives

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Causes skin and eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements

Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing dust. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	10 - 30	25068-38-6
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1 - 5	90-72-2
titanium dioxide	0.1 - 1	13463-67-7
crystalline silica non-respirable	0.1 - 1	14808-60-7

Canada

Name	CAS number	%
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	14807-96-6	30 - 60
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	25068-38-6	10 - 30
glass, oxide, chemicals	65997-17-3	10 - 30
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	90-72-2	1 - 5
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1 - 1
crystalline silica non-respirable	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Ingestion No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical No specific fire or explosion hazard.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
sulfur oxides
halogenated compounds
metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
crystalline silica non-respirable	14808-60-7	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 250/(%SiO₂+5) TWA: 250 MPPCF / (%SiO ₂ +5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 10/(SiO₂+2) TWA: 10 MG/M3 / (%SiO ₂ +2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 30/(%SiO₂+2) TWA: 30 MG/M3 / (%SiO ₂ +2) 8 hours. Form: Total dust.

Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			Ceiling			
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	Notations
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	AB 4/2009	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[a]
	BC 4/2012	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
	ON 1/2013	-	-	0.1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
		-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[d]
glass, oxide, chemicals	QC 12/2012	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[e]
	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[f]
	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	-	1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	[g]
	AB 4/2009	-	5	1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	[h]
	BC 4/2012	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[i]
		-	-	1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	[j]
	ON 1/2013	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[k]
		-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[l]
	QC 12/2012	-	-	1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	[m]
		-	-	1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	[n]
crystalline silica non-respirable	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[o]
	BC 4/2012	-	0.025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[p]
	ON 1/2013	-	0.025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
	QC 12/2012	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
titanium dioxide	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[e]
	AB 4/2009	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 4/2012	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 1/2013	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[q]
		-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[r]
	QC 12/2012	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[o]

Form: [a]Respirable particulate [b]Respirable [c]Respirable fraction: means that size fraction of the airborne particulate deposited in the gas-exchange region of the respiratory tract and collected during air sampling with a particle size-selective device that, (a) meets the ACGIH particle size-selective sampling criteria for airborne particulate matter; and (b) has the cut point of 4 µm at 50 per cent collection efficiency. [d]The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and < 1 per cent crystalline silica. [e]Respirable dust. [f]Inhalable fraction [g]Respirable fibers: length greater than 5 µm; aspect ratio equal to or greater than 3:1 as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification (4-mm objective) phase contrast illumination. [h]Fibres [i]Fibres, total particulate [j]Inhalable [k]Fiber [l]Inhalable fraction: means that size fraction of the airborne particulate deposited anywhere in the respiratory tract and collected during air sampling with a particle size-selective device that, (a) meets the ACGIH particle size-selective sampling criteria for airborne

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

particulate matter; and (b) has the cut point of 100 µm at 50 per cent collection efficiency. [m]Respirable fibres: length > 5µm; aspect ratio ≥3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400–450 times magnification (4-mm objective), using phase-contrast illumination. [n]RESPIRABLE FIBRES (other than respirable asbestos fibres) : Objects, other than respirable asbestos fibres, longer than 5 µm, having a diameter of less than 3 µm and a ratio of length to diameter of more than 3 :1. [o]Total dust. [p]Respirable fraction [q]Respirable dust [r]Total dust

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Solid.

Color

Brown.-White.

Odor

Sulfurous. Pungent. [Strong]

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point

Not available.

Boiling point

Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point	Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F) [Setaflash.] [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Evaporation rate	>1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	0.936
Solubility	Easily soluble in the following materials: methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol and acetone. Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	>200°C (>392°F)
Viscosity	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	0.025 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rat	-	0.25 Mililiters	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

titanium dioxide	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-

Sensitization

No specific data.

Mutagenicity

No specific data.

Carcinogenicity

No specific data.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide crystalline silica non-respirable	- -	2B 1	- Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

No specific data.

Teratogenicity

No specific data.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No specific data.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No specific data.

Aspiration hazard

No specific data.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation

No specific data.

Skin contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion

No specific data.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Not available.

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

No specific data.

General Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	2405.5 mg/kg
Dermal	2565.9 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

No specific data.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	0.219	-	low
titanium dioxide	-	352	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA classification

Not available.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-

Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: acetic acid

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Listed

Section 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	10 - 30	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
titanium dioxide	0.1 - 1	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
crystalline silica non-respirable	0.1 - 1	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.

State regulations

Massachusetts The following components are listed: MINERAL WOOL FIBER; SOAPSTONE

New York None of the components are listed.

New Jersey The following components are listed: SOAPSTONE; SILICA, QUARTZ; QUARTZ (SiO₂); TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO₂)

Pennsylvania The following components are listed: SOAPSTONE DUST; QUARTZ (SiO₂); TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO₂)

Minnesota Hazardous Substances None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
titanium dioxide	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
crystalline silica non-respirable	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
carbon black non-respirable	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI None of the components are listed.

CEPA Toxic substances None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory Not determined.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Section 15. Regulatory information

[International regulations](#)

[International lists](#)

Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

[Substances of very high concern](#)

None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

[Key to abbreviations](#)

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

[References](#)

Not available.

📌 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

[Notice to reader](#)

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